

ASPLENIACEAE (SPLEENWORT FAMILY)

Plant: fern, mostly terrestrial

Root:

Stem and Leaves: stem mostly erect, lattice-like scales (clathrate); leaves or blades diverse, 1-4 pinnate, usually with a fine glandular pubescence; mostly monomorphic (one leaf type) to somewhat dimorphic (fertile and sterile leaves)

Fruit (Sori): linear to somewhat lunate sori on veins, indusium covering sorus in most cases, sporangia stalked (1-row of cells) and annulus vertical, monoletic (single attachment scar) spores

Other: Division Pteridophyta (ferns)

Genera: one large and diverse (not well-defined) genus; *Asplenium*

* Fern terminology is discussed in **PLANT TERMS**, a separate tab on the HOME page.

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Ebony Spleenwort; *Asplenium platyneuron* (L.) Britton, Sterns & Poggenb.

Ebony Spleenwort

Asplenium platyneuron (L.) Britton, Sterns & Poggenb.

Aspleniaceae (Spleenwort Family)

Oak Openings Metropark, Lucas County, Ohio

Notes: erect fern; stems or petioles mostly not branching, shiny reddish-brown, scales dark, mostly glabrous; blades 1-pinnate, mostly not divided, many pairs; pinna or leaflets with auricles (ear-like basal lobe) that lap over the rachis (stem); sori often near medial portion of leaf; terrestrial (woods or on rocks)

[V Max Brown, 2008]

